

TECHNICAL DATA MQ-9 GAS SENSOR

FEATURES

- * High sensitivity to carbon monoxide and CH₄, LPG.
- * Stable and long life

APPLICATION

They are used in gas detecting equipment for carbon monoxide and CH₄, LPG in house and industry or car.

SPECIFICATIONS

A. Standard work condition

Symbol	Parameter name	technical condition	Remark
V _c	circuit voltage	5V ± 0.1	AC or DC
V _H (H)	Heating voltage (high)	5V ± 0.1	AC or DC
V _H (L)	Heating voltage (low)	1.4V ± 0.1	AC or DC
R _L	Load resistance	Can adjust	
R _H	Heating resistance	33 Ω ± 5%	Room temperature
T _H (H)	Heating time (high)	60 ± 1 seconds	
T _H (L)	Heating time (low)	90 ± 1 seconds	
P _s	Heating consumption	Less than 340mw	

b. Environment conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Technical conditions	Remark
T _{ao}	Using temperature	-20°C -50°C	
T _{as}	Storage temperature	-20°C -50°C	Advice using scope
RH	Relative humidity	Less than 95%RH	
O ₂	Oxygen concentration	21%(stand condition) the oxygen concentration can affect the sensitivity characteristic	Minimum value is over 2%

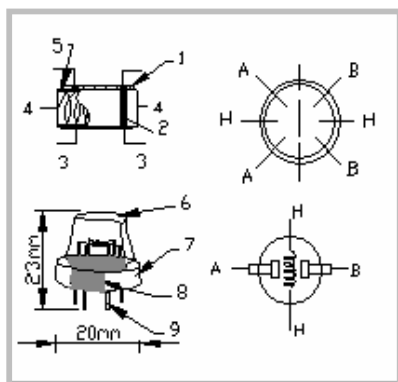
c. Sensitivity characteristic

symbol	Parameters	Technical parameters	Remark
R _s	Surface resistance Of sensitive body	2-20k	In 100ppm Carbon Monoxide
a (300/100ppm)	Concentration slope rate	Less than 0.5	R _s (300ppm)/R _s (100ppm)
Standard working condition	Temperature -20°C ± 2°C relative humidity 65% ± 5% RL: 10K Ω ± 5% V _c : 5V ± 0.1V V _H : 5V ± 0.1V V _H : 1.4V ± 0.1V		
Preheat time	No less than 48 hours	Detecting range: 20ppm-2000ppm carbon monoxide 500ppm-10000ppm CH ₄ 500ppm-10000ppm LPG	

D. Structure and configuration, basic measuring circuit

Structure and configuration of MQ-9 gas sensor is shown as Fig. 1 (Configuration A or B), sensor composed by micro AL₂O₃ ceramic tube, Tin Dioxide (SnO₂) sensitive layer, measuring electrode and heater are fixed into a crust made by plastic and stainless steel net. The heater provides necessary work conditions for work of sensitive components. The enveloped MQ-9 have

6 pin ,4 of them are used to fetch signals, and other 2 are used for providing heating current.



Parts	Materials
1 Gas sensing layer	SnO ₂
2 Electrode	Au
3 Electrode line	Pt
4 Heater coil	Ni-Cr alloy
5 Tubular ceramic	Al ₂ O ₃
6 Anti-explosion network	Stainless steel gauze (SUS316 100-mesh)
7 Clamp ring	Copper plating Ni
8 Resin base	Bakelite
9 Tube Pin	Copper plating Ni

Fig.1

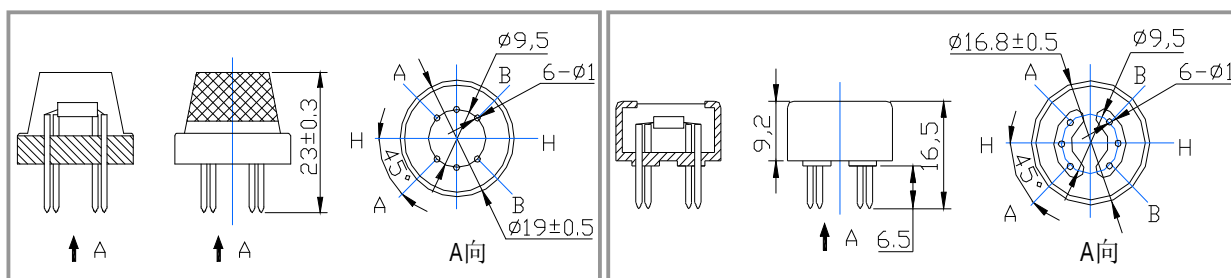


Fig.2

Heating voltage 1.4v (Low) 90s

Electric parameter measurement circuit is shown as Fig.2

E. Sensitivity characteristic curve

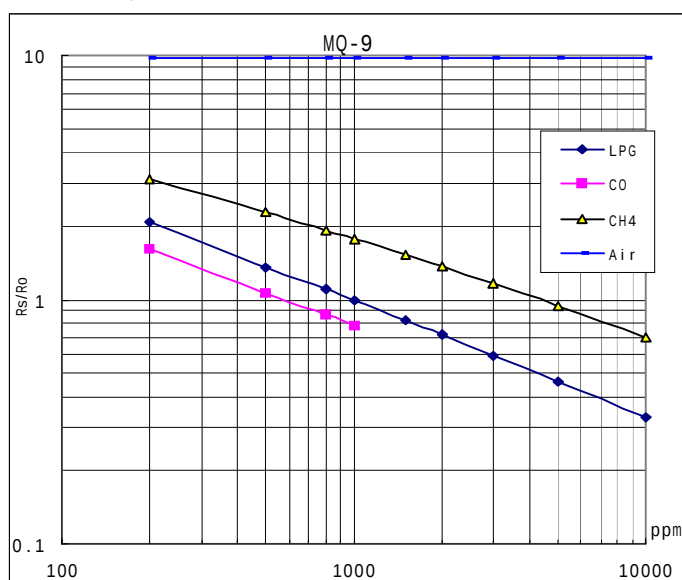


Fig.3 sensitivity characteristics of the MQ-9

Standard circuit:

As shown in Fig 2, standard measuring circuit of MQ-9 sensitive components consists of 2 parts. one is heating circuit having time control function (the high voltage and the low voltage work circularly). The second is the signal output circuit, it can accurately respond changes of surface resistance of the sensor.

Fig.3 is shows the typical sensitivity characteristics of the MQ-9 for several gases.

in their: Temp: 20℃、

Humidity: 65%、

O₂ concentration 21%

RL=10k Ω

Ro: sensor resistance at 1000ppm

LPG in the clean air.

Rs: sensor resistance at various concentrations of gases.

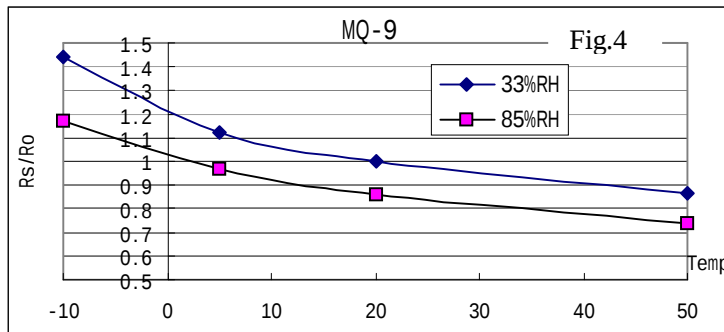


Fig.4 is shows the typical dependence of the MQ-9 on temperature and humidity.

Ro: sensor resistance at 1000ppm LPG in air at 33%RH and 20degree.

Rs: sensor resistance at 1000ppm LPG at different temperatures and humidities.

OPERATION PRINCIPLE

. The surface resistance of the sensor R_s is obtained through effected voltage signal output of the load resistance R_L which series-wound. The relationship between them is described:

$$R_s \backslash R_L = (V_c - V_{RL}) / V_{RL}$$

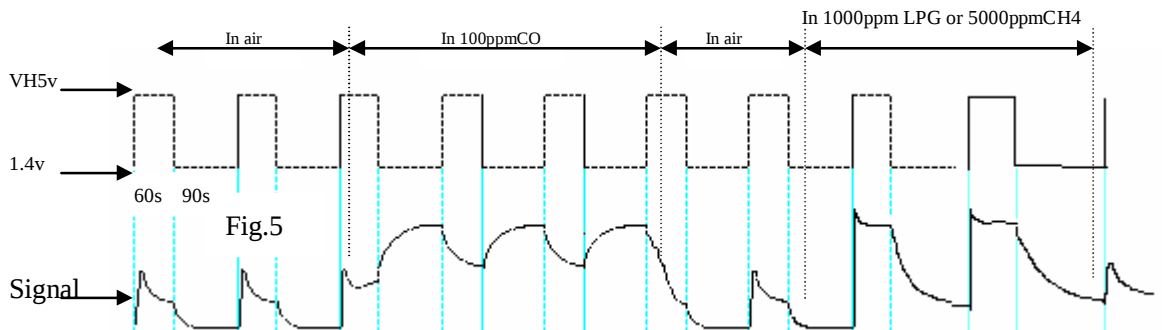


Fig. 5 shows alterable situation of R_L signal output measured by using Fig. 2 circuit output signal when the sensor is shifted from clean air to carbon monoxide (CO) or CH_4 , output signal measurement is made within one or two complete heating period (2.5 minute from high voltage to low voltage).

Sensitive layer of MQ-9 gas sensitive components is made of SnO_2 with stability, So, it has excellent long term stability. Its service life can reach 5 years under using condition.

SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT

Resistance value of MQ-9 is difference to various kinds and various concentration gases. So, When using this components, sensitivity adjustment is very necessary. we recommend that you calibrate the detector for 200ppm and 5000ppm CH_4 or 1000ppm LPG concentration in air and use value of Load resistance that(R_L) about 20 K Ω (10K Ω to 47 K Ω).

When accurately measuring, the proper alarm point for the gas detector should be determined after considering the temperature and humidity influence.

The sensitivity adjusting program:

- Connect the sensor to the application circuit.
- Turn on the power, keep time of preheating through electricity is over 48 hours.
- Adjust the load resistance R_L until you get a signal value which is respond to a certain carbon monoxide concentration at the end point of 90 seconds.
- Adjust the another load resistance R_L until you get a signal value which is respond to a CH_4 or LPG concentration at the end point of 60 seconds .

Notification**1 Following conditions must be prohibited****1.1 Exposed to organic silicon steam**

Organic silicon steam cause sensors invalid, sensors must be avoid exposing to silicon bond, fixture, silicon latex, putty or plastic contain silicon environment

1.2 High Corrosive gas

If the sensors exposed to high concentration corrosive gas (such as H_2S , SO_x , Cl_2 , HCl etc), it will not only result in corrosion of sensors structure, also it cause sincere sensitivity attenuation.

1.3 Alkali, Alkali metals salt, halogen pollution

The sensors performance will be changed badly if sensors be sprayed polluted by alkali metals salt especially brine, or be exposed to halogen such as fluorin.

1.4 Touch water

Sensitivity of the sensors will be reduced when splattered or dipped in water.

1.5 Freezing

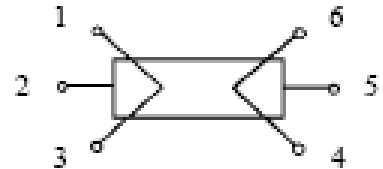
Do avoid icing on sensor's surface, otherwise sensor would lose sensitivity.

1.6 Applied voltage higher

Applied voltage on sensor should not be higher than stipulated value, otherwise it cause down-line or heater damaged, and bring on sensors' sensitivity characteristic changed badly.

1.7 Voltage on wrong pins

For 6 pins sensor, if apply voltage on 1、3 pins or 4、6 pins, it will make lead broken, and without signal when apply on 2、4 pins

**2 Following conditions must be avoided****2.1 Water Condensation**

Indoor conditions, slight water condensation will effect sensors performance lightly. However, if water condensation on sensors surface and keep a certain period, sensor' sensitivity will be decreased.

2.2 Used in high gas concentration

No matter the sensor is electrified or not, if long time placed in high gas concentration, it will affect sensors characteristic.

2.3 Long time storage

The sensors resistance produce reversible drift if it's stored for long time without electrify, this drift is related with storage conditions. Sensors should be stored in airproof without silicon gel bag with clean air. For the sensors with long time storage but no electrify, they need long aging time for stbility before using.

2.4 Long time exposed to adverse environment

No matter the sensors electrified or not, if exposed to adverse environment for long time, such as high humidity, high temperature, or high pollution etc, it will effect the sensors performance badly.

2.5 Vibration

Continual vibration will result in sensors down-lead response then repture. In transportation or assembling line, pneumatic screwdriver/ultrasonic welding machine can lead this vibration.

2.6 Concussion

If sensors meet strong concussion, it may lead its lead wire disconnected.

2.7 Usage

For sensor, handmade welding is optimal way. If use wave crest welding should meet the following conditions:

2.7.1 Soldering flux: Rosin soldering flux contains least chlorine

2.7.2 Speed: 1-2 Meter/ Minute

2.7.3 Warm-up temperature: $100 \pm 20^\circ C$

2.7.4 Welding temperature: $250 \pm 10^\circ C$

2.7.5 1 time pass wave crest welding machine

If disobey the above using terms, sensors sensitivity will be reduced.